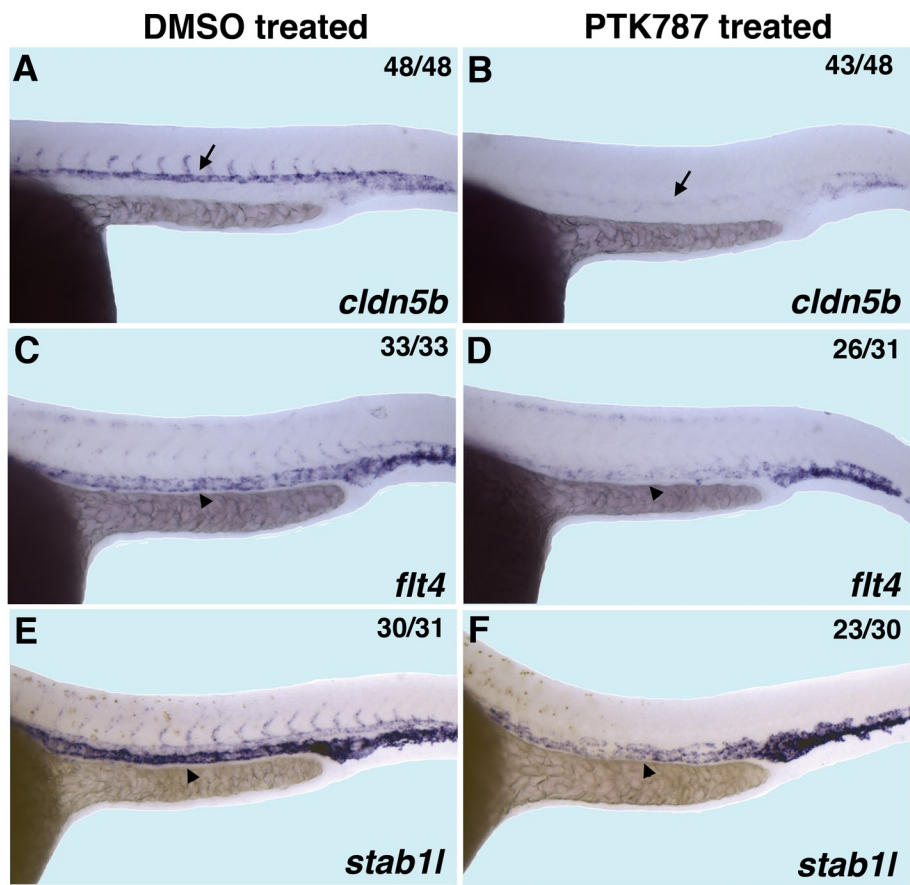
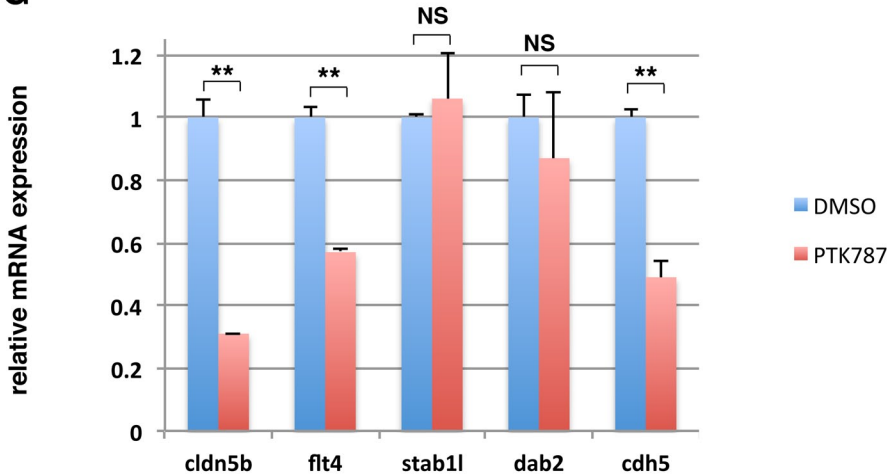


Supplemental Figure S1. Melting curves of PCR products. Single-peak melting curves for all analyzed genes indicate a single specific PCR product during qPCR analysis.

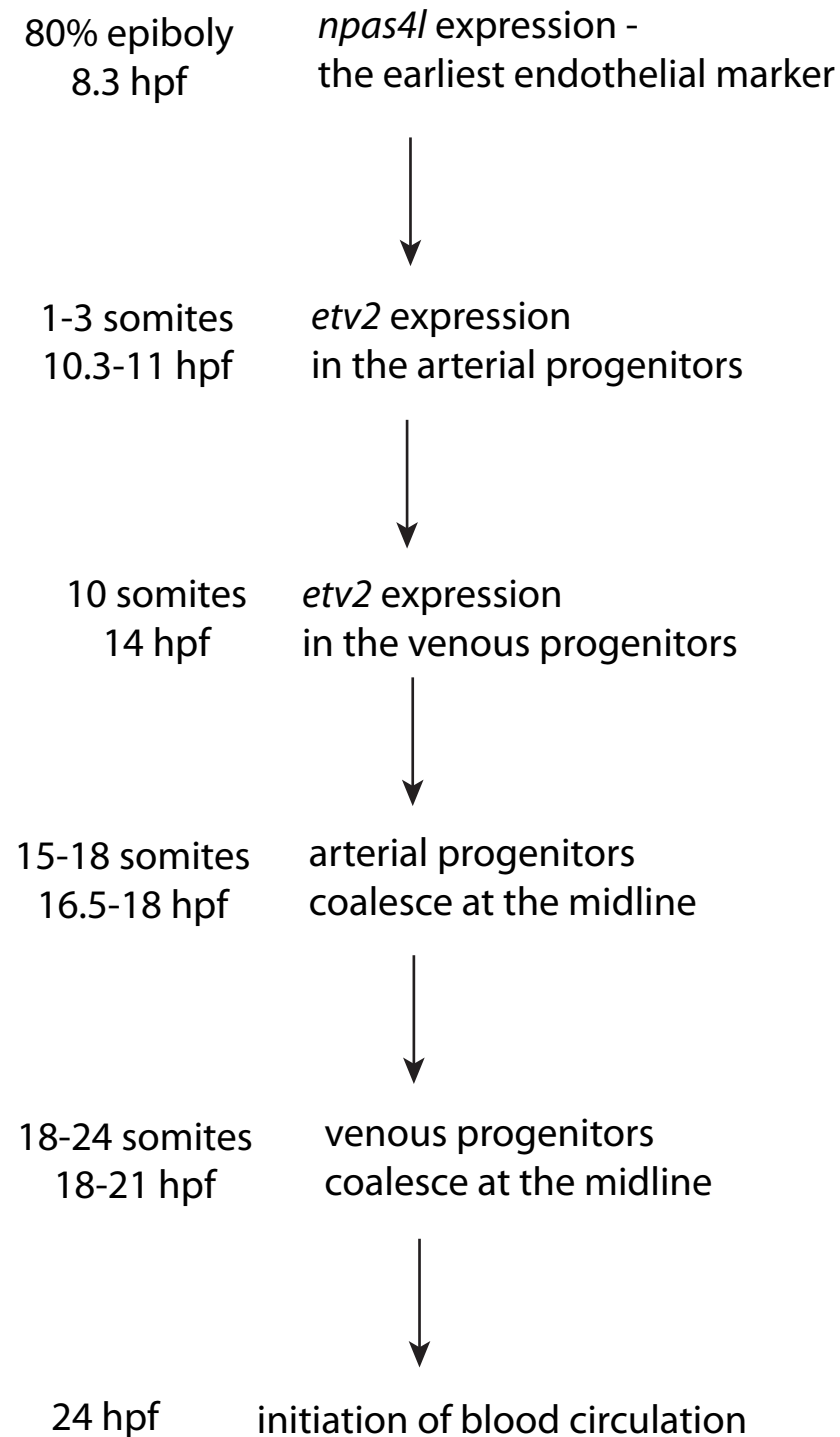


G

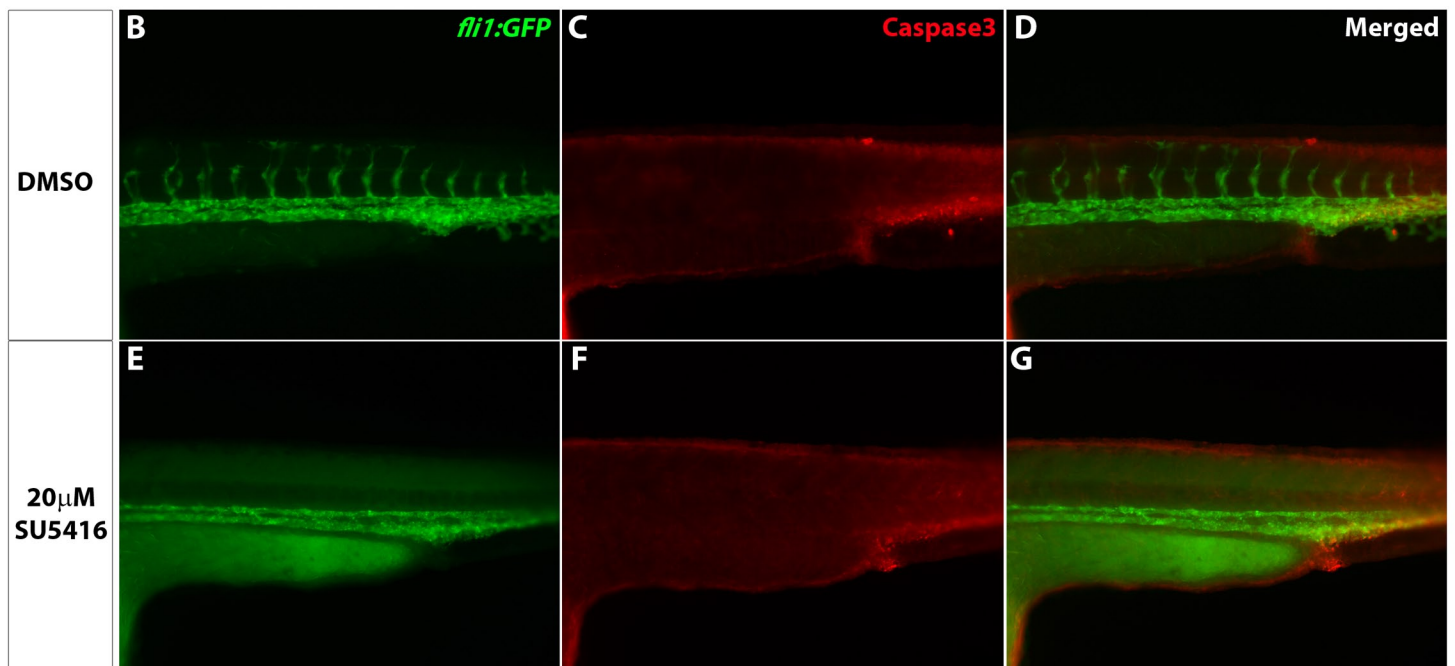
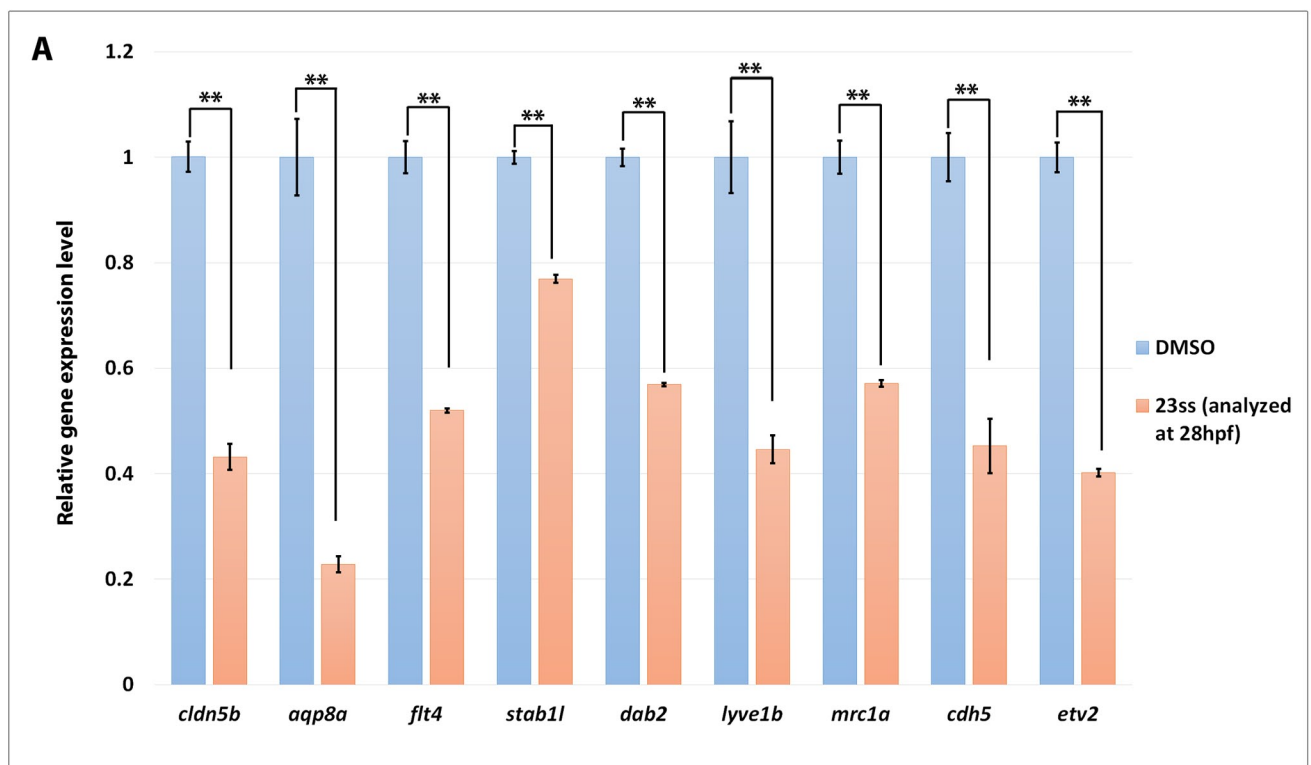


Supplemental Figure S2. PTK787 chemical inhibition decreases arterial and venous marker expression and overall endothelial differentiation.

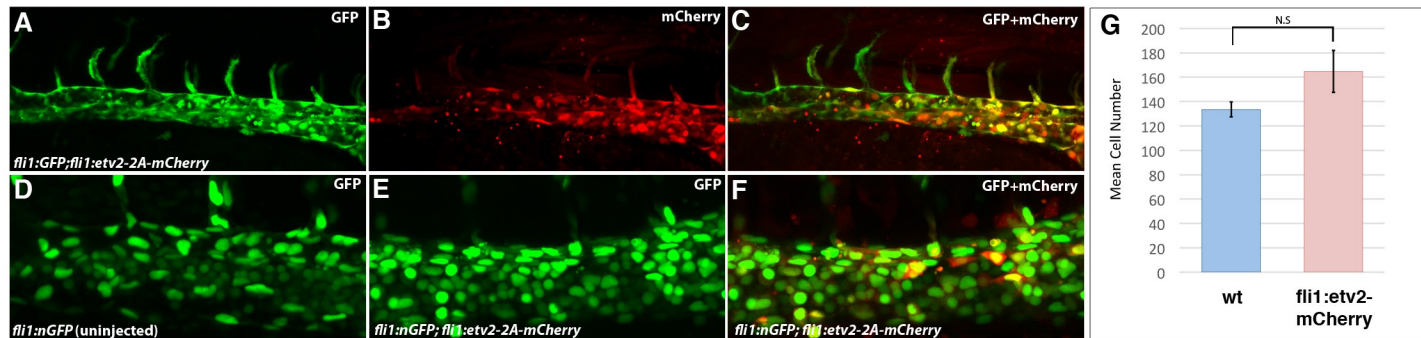
(A-F) In situ hybridization analysis for arterial *cldn5b* and venous *flt4* and *stab1l* expression at 24 hpf. Embryos were treated with 200 μ M PTK787 beginning at the 50% epiboly stage. Note the downregulation of *cldn5b* and *flt4* expression in PTK787 treated embryos. Arrows indicate DA and arrowheads indicate PCV. Numbers of embryos showing the displayed phenotype are listed. (G) qPCR analysis of arterial (*cldn5b*), venous (*flt4*, *stab1l*, *dab2*) and pan-endothelial (*cdh5*, *etv2*) marker expression in PTK787 treated embryos at 24 hpf. Note that arterial marker, pan-endothelial marker and venous *flt4* expression is reduced, while *stab1l* and *dab2* expression is not changed significantly. ** denotes $p < 0.01$; * denotes $p < 0.05$; NS, not significant. \pm SEM is shown.



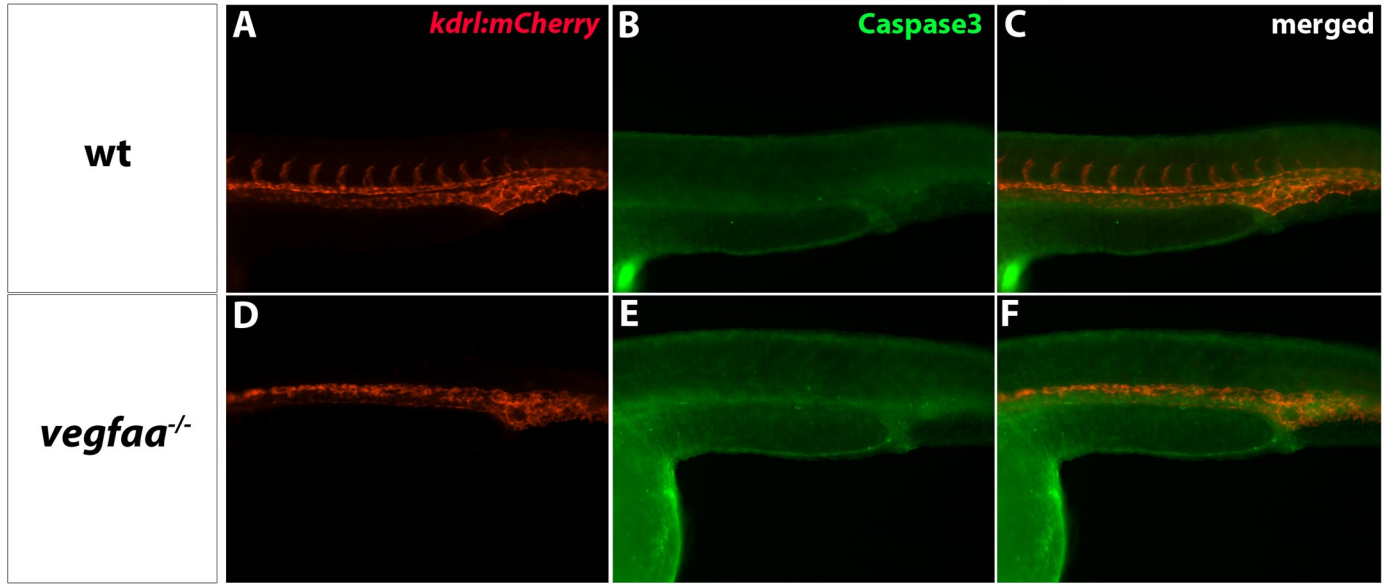
Supplemental Figure S3. A timeline of the major events in zebrafish vasculogenesis. Based on multiple publications including Kohli et al., 2013, and Reischauer et al., 2016.



Supplemental Figure S4. Analysis of marker expression and apoptosis in 28hpf embryos treated with SU5416 beginning at the 23-somite stage (20.5 hpf). (A) qRT-PCR analysis shows a significant decrease of all vascular markers in SU5416-treated embryos compared to DMSO-treated controls at 28hpf, after commencing treatment at the 23-somite stage. (B-G) Double immunofluorescent staining of active Caspase3 and GFP at 28hpf in *fli1:GFP* embryos treated with either DMSO or 20μM SU5416 (beginning at the 23-somite stage). Note the absence of Caspase3 staining in the trunk region of both the DMSO- and SU5416-treated embryos (C,F), indicating a lack of apoptosis in the trunk vasculature.



Supplemental Figure S5. Transient *fli1:etv2-2A-mCherry* expression in the vasculature does not affect the number of vascular endothelial cells. (A-C) Confocal images of trunk vasculature of a *fli1:GFP* embryo injected with a *fli1:etv2-2A-mCherry* construct at 24 hpf. Note that mCherry is expressed in a mosaic fashion within the vasculature. (D-F) Confocal images of trunk axial vasculature in a control uninjected *fli1:nGFP* embryo (D) and a *fli1:etv2-2A-mCherry* injected embryo (E,F) at 24 hpf. (G) Quantification of vascular endothelial cell number in uninjected *fli1:nGFP* embryos (n=6) and *fli1:nGFP* embryos injected with *fli1:etv2-2A-mCherry* construct (n=8) at 24 hpf. No significant difference in endothelial cell number was observed between control and injected embryos. The cells were quantified in the axial vasculature in a two somite region using Imaris software.



Supplemental Figure S6. *vegfaa* mutants do not display apoptosis in trunk vasculature at 24hpf. (A-F) Double immunofluorescent staining of Caspase3 and mCherry in *vegfaa* mutants (in a *kdrl:mCherry* background). mCherry staining marks vasculature, while Caspase staining indicates cells undergoing apoptosis. *vegfaa* mutants did not show Caspase staining in the trunk vasculature (E) and were similar to their wild type siblings (B).

Treatment/Condition	Gene								
	<i>cldn5b</i>	<i>aqp8a</i>	<i>flt4</i>	<i>stab1l</i>	<i>dab2</i>	<i>lyve1b</i>	<i>mrc1a</i>	<i>cdh5</i>	<i>etv2</i>
SU5416 - Concentration Gradient									
2.5μM	↓↓	↓	-	-	↑	-	↓	↓	-
5μM	↓↓	↓↓	↓	↓	↑	-	↓	↓	↓
10μM	↓↓	↓↓	↓	↓	↓	↓↓	↓↓	↓	↓
20μM	↓↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓↓	↓↓	↓↓	↓
20μM (analyzed at 15ss)	↓	↓	-	↑↑	-	↓	↓	↓	↓
PTK787 (200μM)									
	↓↓		↓	-	-			↓↓	↓
SU5416- Temporal treatment									
50% epiboly	↓↓	↓↓	↓	↓	-	↓↓	↓↓	↓	↓
5-somite stage	↓↓	↓↓	↓↓	↓↓	↓	↓↓	↓	↓↓	↓
15-somite stage	↓↓	↓↓	↓	-	↓	↓	↓↓	↓↓	↓
20-somite stage	↓	↓	-	↓	-	↓	↓	↓	↓
23-somite stage	↓	↓	↓	-	↑↑	↓	↓	-	↓
23-somite stage (analyzed at 28hpf)	↓↓	↓↓	↓	↓	↓	↓↓	↓	↓↓	↓↓
Vegfaa^{-/-} mutants									
	↓	↓	↓	↓	↑	↑	-	↓	↓
Vegfaa RNA (overexpression)									
	↑↑	↑	-	↑	↓	↓↓	↓↓	↑↑	↑

Supplemental Figure S7. Summary of the effect of all treatments, including mutants, on the expression levels of all analyzed genes. Blue arrows indicate a decrease in expression, while red arrows indicate an increase in expression. Genes which decrease by more than 2-fold are represented by double blue arrows, while those that increase above 1.5-fold are represented by double red arrows. Dashes indicate that no significant change was observed.